

## Collision Response

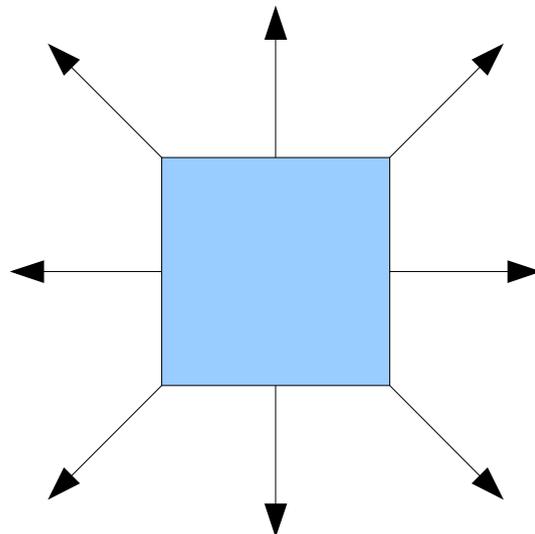
Dealing with those pesky walls

# BACKGROUND

- In the simple ball game, we'll eventually want to handle walls.
- Collision response with said walls is surprisingly tricky.

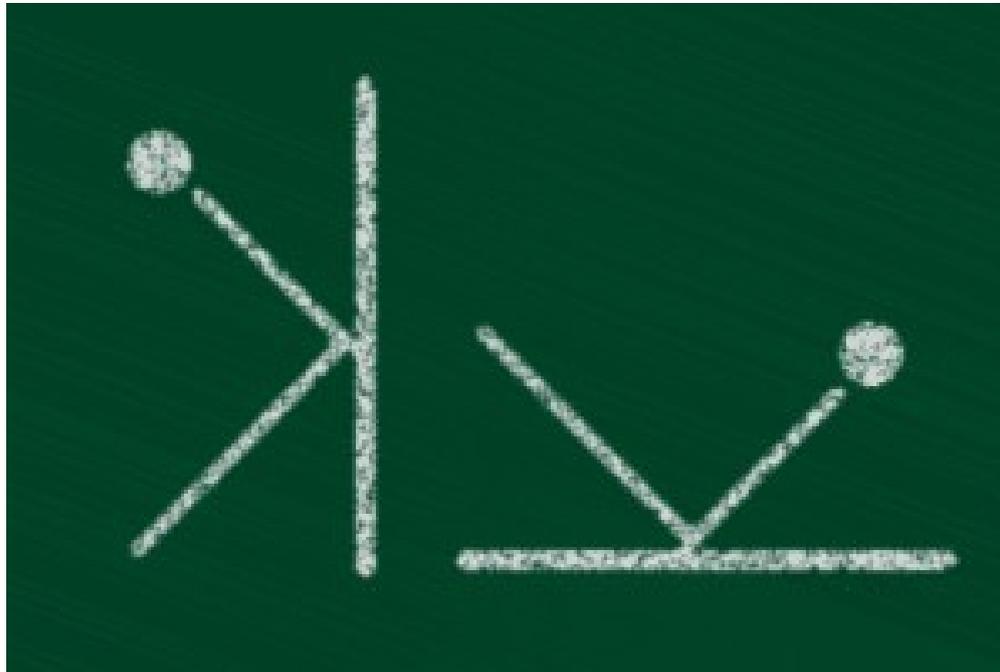
# COLLISION DETECTION

- First step is figuring out the collision.
- We'll first augment the tile data with collider information.
- Basically what we're after is the collision surface normal vector.



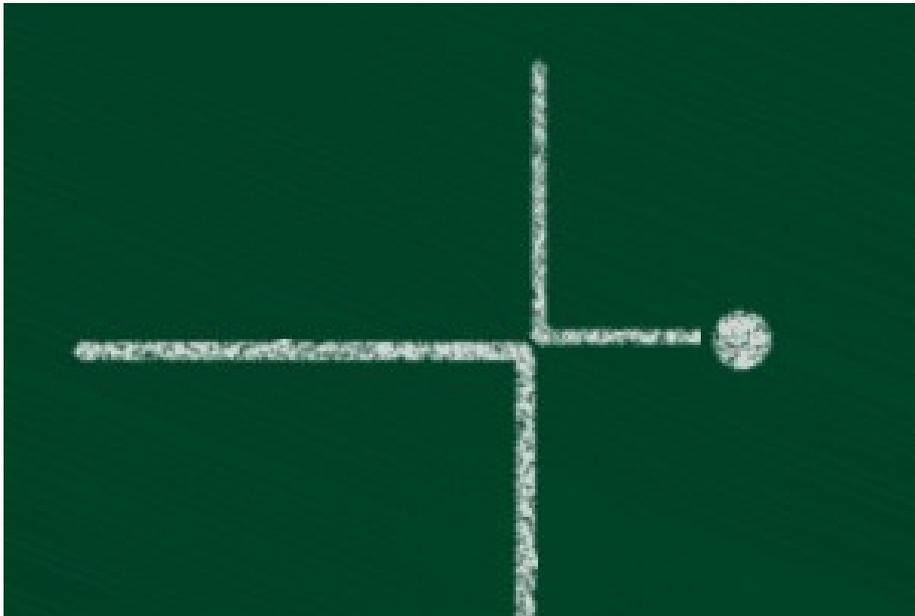
# REASON FOR NORMALS

- While simple cases work without trickery..



# REASON FOR NORMALS

- Corners and other special cases are annoying.

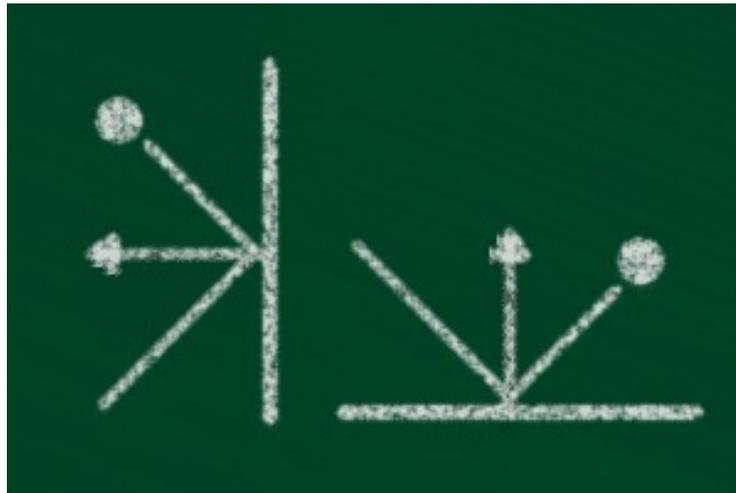


# ENTER THE DOT PRODUCT

- Dot product is:
  - $d = x_1 * x_2 + y_1 * y_2$
- Or, in our case:
  - $d = \text{motion}_x * \text{normal}_x + \text{motion}_y * \text{normal}_y$

# THE SIMPLE CASE

- $d = m_x * n_x + m_y * n_y$ 
  - $D = 1 * -1 + 0 * 1 = -1$
- If we multiply normal with dot product and subtract the from motion vector twice, we'll get
  - $m_x = m_x - d * n_x * 2 = 1 - (-1 * -1 * 2) = -1$
  - $m_y = m_y - d * n_x * 2 = 1 - (-1 * 0 * 2) = 1$



# THE CORNER CASE

- $d = m_x * n_x + m_y * n_y$ 
  - $d = 0 * 0.71 + -1 * 0.71 = -0.71$
- Again..
  - $m_x = m_x - d * n_x * 2 = 0 - (-0.71 * 0.71 * 2) = 1$
  - $m_y = m_y - d * n_y * 2 = -1 - (-0.71 * 0.71 * 2) = 0$

